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Dantzick, April 10.

THE Letters we received by the last Post from *Poland* inform us, That the Dyet at *Grodno* was finally broke up, having first resolved, that an Alliance be entred into with the Czar of *Moscovy*, for the carrying on of the War with their joint Forces against the *Turks*. In consideration of which, the Czar is to pay five Millions of Livres to the *Poles*, is to restore to them several places formerly taken from them, and is to furnish a Body of Men to strengthen the *Polish* Army, which is to act separately against the *Turks*; so that the *Moscovite* Ambassador was preparing to return home, to give his Master an account of his success in his Negotiation, which will certainly be very satisfactory to that Court, who have of late so earnestly laboured to engage the Crown of *Poland* in the present War against the *Turks*, which is like to prove very sharp and bloody. The Dyet, before they separated, likewise resolved, that no Foreign Troops should be allowed passage through the *Polish* Territories; and that if they took it, they should be treated as Enemies, which was done at the instance of the Elector of *Brandenburgh*, with relation to the *Suedes*, who, as our Letters from *Riga* tell us, are raising new Troops, and recruiting the old, in order to the forming an Army of 15 or 16000 men, with which they intend to return into *Prussia*, under the command of Count *Coningsmarke*, from whose conduct they promise themselves better success, than they had in their last Expedition.

Madrid, March 23. From *Lisbon* of the 7th instant we have advice, that a Brief was come to the Inquisitor General of that Kingdom from the Pope, requiring him to send some of the Processes made by the Inquisition against the *Jews* to *Rome*, that so the Pope might see their manner of proceeding, declaring that if in 10 days time he did not deliver them to the Nuncio, that he should be *ipso facto* suspended, and all the Inquisitors excommunicated. That the Council of State have had several meetings, to resolve what was fit to be done; and that the Prince Regent upon the whole, had resolved not to send the said Processes to *Rome*: that the 10 days were expired, and every body full of expectation what the issue would be of this matter. The Marquis *de Mancera* Majordomo Mayor to the Queen-Mother, having been commanded by the King to come from *Toledo* to *Illescas*, was there Arrested by the Kings Order, and carried Prisoner to the Castle of *Coza*. On Monday last the Sieur *Gioe*, Ambassador from the King of *Denmark*, after having been here five months *incognito*, made his Entry, and had his Publick Audience of the King.

Madrid, April 6. On the 27th past, *Don Diego de Bracamonte*, Ambassador from the great Master of *Malta*, had his first Audience of the King. The Letters from *Lisbon* of the 21 past say, that the great discourse there was, of the difference that was likely to arise between the Pope and that Court, about the proceedings of the Inquisition; that the Nuncio had suspended the execution of the Interdict against the Inquisitors till Midsummer, before which time the Pope expects satisfaction shall be given him in this matter.

Vienna, April 9. Yesterday an Envoy from the Cham of *Tartary* had Audience of Count *Montecuculi* President of the Council of War; his main business was, to offer the assistance of his Master against the *Hungarians* that are in Arms against the Emperor, but he was answered, that his Imperial Majesty had not any need of it. The Princes of *Lunenburg* have by their Minister here, demanded the Emperors Guaranty of the Treaty lately concluded between them and the Most Christian King, but have been answered only in general terms.

Hamburgh, April 18. Count *Anthony* of *Oldenburg* is gone from hence for *Gluckstadt*, to meet the King of *Denmark* there; and it is believed he will be followed thither by the Marquis *de Rubenac* the *French* Minister, who hath had several Conferences with Count *Anthony*, and while they were here, they were lodged together in one house. Some add, that the Sieur *Meinders* is likewise going for *Gluckstadt* from the Elector of *Brandenburgh*; if so, we may hope that a foundation will be laid there for the Peace of the North, which is very much wished for by all people. From *Sueden* we have advice, that that King was perfectly recovered of his sickness, which had been very violent, and put him in great danger of his life.

Cologne, April 14. Our Magistrates have already begun to disband part of the Garison, and will make a farther Reform, so soon as the Ratifications of the Peace are exchanged at *Nimeguen*, which must be done before the 20th instant, when the term granted by *France* expires. The *French* are preparing their Bridge at *Ordingben*, and we are assured that Monsieur *Calvo* has received Orders from Court to pass the *Rhine* there with all the *French* Troops in these Parts on the first of *May*, when the Cessation lately agreed at *Nimeguen* determines.

Brussels, April 21. This morning arrived our *Spanish* Ordinary, and the Letters we receive by it, confirm what has been already said of that Kings Marriage with Madamoiselle *d'Orleans*, which it seems, is to be concluded by the Marquis *de los Balbaces* at the Court of *France*. On Sunday will be performed with very great state and magnificence, the Solemnity of his Excellencies receiving the *Order of the Golden Fleece*. The Dukes of *Aerschot*, and *Havre*, and the Princes of *Chimay*, and *Barbancon*, who are to assist at it, arrived here this evening. We are impatiently expecting to hear from *Nimeguen*, that the Ratifications of the Peace between the Emperor, *France* and *Sueden* are exchanged; those of *Sueden*,

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